

SPECIFICATION: CG12-33A (12V33Ah)

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Gel battery shows some distinctive advantages over flooded battery or AGM battery, such as super thermal stability, high deep discharge capability, good recovery from deep discharge, even if the battery is left discharged for thirty days, it will still recover to 100% of capacity. With the above-mentioned advantages, the gel battery has long service life, is specially suitable for motive power applications, such as golf trailer, scrubber, forklift, etc. The deep discharge cycles increased 50% as compared with the AGM battery.

GENERAL FEATURES

- I Micro millimeter SiO₂ and H₂SO₄ gelled electrolyte technology for efficient gas recombination of up to 99% and freedom from electrolyte maintenance or water adding.
- Not restricted for air transport-complies with IATA/ICAO Special Provision A67.
- I UL-recognized component.
- I Can be mounted in any orientation.
- I Computer designed lead, calcium tin alloy grid for high power density.
- I Long service life, float or cyclic applications.
- I Maintenance-free operation.
- I Low self discharge.
- I Case and cover available in both standard and flame retardant ABS.

CONSTRUCTION

Component	Positive plate	Negative plate	Container	Cover	Safety valve	Terminal	Separator	Electrolyte	
Raw material	Lead dioxide	Lead	ABS	ABS	Rubber	Pb	Fiberglass	Gelled acid	

TECHNOLOGY PARAMETER

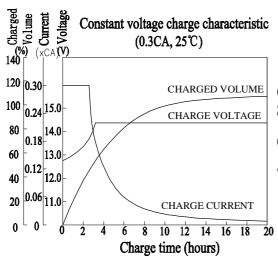
Battery model	CG12-33A 12V 6							
Nominal voltage								
Number of cell								
Capacity	20hR(1.65A, 10.5V)	20hR(1.65A, 10.5V) 10hR(2.98A, 10.5V)		1hR(22.4A, 9.60V)				
(25°C)	33Ah	29.8Ah	27.75Ah	22.4Ah				
	Length	Width	Height	Total Height				
Dimensions.	195±1mm	130±1mm	155±1mm	180±1mm				
Approx. weight	11.0Kg(24.3lbs) (Weight deviation: ± 3%)							
Internal resistance	Full charged at 25°C: ≤ 10.3mOhms							
Self discharge	3% of capacity declined per month at 20°C (average)							
Operating temperature	Discharge	Cha	arge	Storage				
range	-20∼60°C	-10~	60°C	-20∼60°C				
Max. discharge current (25°C)	330A (5s)							
Short circuit current 850A								

Constant	current discharge	rating-ampere	s at $25^{\circ}C(77^{\circ}F)$
		O F	

End Point Volts/Cell	5min	10min	15min	30min	1h	3h	5h	10h	20h
1.60V	114	76.8	60.8	33.4	22.4	8.90	6.01	3.27	1.70
1.65V	108	73.2	58.1	32.0	21.6	8.60	5.92	3.18	1.70
1.70V	102	69.2	55.2	30.7	20.9	8.30	5.72	3.07	1.70
1.75V	96.0	65.5	52.5	29.1	19.9	8.03	5.55	2.98	1.65
1.80V	89.7	61.5	49.4	27.6	18.8	7.62	5.38	2.87	1.60

Constant power discharge rating-watts per cell at 25°C (77°F)

End Point Volts/Cell	5min	10min	15min	30min	45min	1h	2h	3h	5h
1.60V	204	139	111	62.3	50.0	41.9	23.2	16.9	11.5
1.65V	195	133	107	60.0	48.4	40.7	22.5	16.4	11.4
1.70V	184	127	102	57.9	46.8	39.5	21.8	15.9	11.1
1.75V	175	121	97.5	55.3	44.8	37.8	21.0	15.5	10.8
1.80V	164	114	92.3	52.7	42.6	36.1	20.0	14.8	10.5



CHARGING METHODS: Constant voltage charging at 25°C Standby use: No charging current limit is required

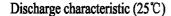
Charging voltage: 2.20-2.30VPC

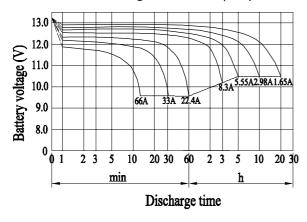
Cyclic use: Maximum charging current: 30% of rated capacity

Charging voltage: 2.40-2.45VPC

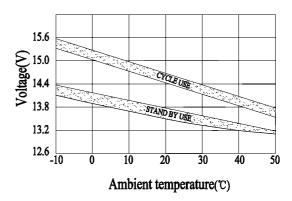
Temperature compensation:

stand by $-20 \,\mathrm{mV/^{\circ}C}$; cyclic use $-30 \,\mathrm{mV/^{\circ}C}$

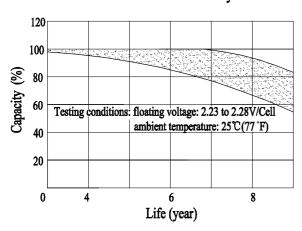




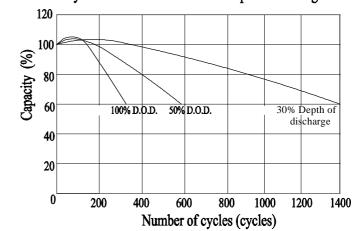
Relationship between charge voltage and temperature



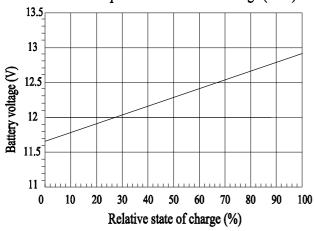
Life characteristics of standby use



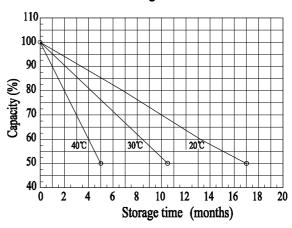
Cycle service life in relation to depth of discharge



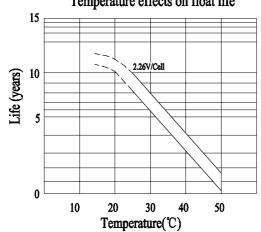
Relationship of OCV and state of charge (25°C)



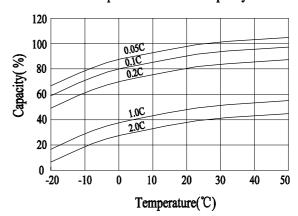
Self-discharge characteristic



Temperature effects on float life



Temperature effects on capacity



Battery and terminal dimensions

